

ABSTRACT

Methods for treating cancer are described herein. The methods include administering to an HIV-negative patient an m-calpain inhibitor such as ritonavir. Ritonavir or other m-calpain inhibitors can also be co-administered with other therapeutic agents such as a Cox-2 inhibitor, a taxane, or a proteasome inhibitor. Methods for determining whether a patient will respond to a particular method of treatment are also described herein.

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